#### Part 1 of Research Quality Web Searching

Googling to the Max - Exercises

Getting the most from: http://www.google.com

The Teaching Library, Fall 2005 University of California, Berkeley

**Google Toolbars (FREE) -** highlight terms, remember searches, search within a site, block pop-ups, and more:

For Internet Explorer & Firefox http://toolbar.google.com
For other Mozilla browsers http://googlebar.mozdev.org

# #1 HOW GOOGLE "THINKS" IN DEFAULT MODE CRAFTING BASIC GOOGLE SEARCHES

☐ AND automatically implied between terms

all your terms somewhere

 in text of pages
 in pages that link to a result page
 in other pages on the same site

#### Ex. 1: What is matched on?

- 1. Search Google for the keywords: **google page rank**
- 2. Click Cached: for the page titled "Google Technology" or "Google PageRank Calculator"
- 3. What is the explanation of the matching of your terms with these pages?
- ☐ STEMS some words
  - finds word with various endings
     search kite flying and get matches on kite, kites, kiting and flying, fly, flies
  - turn off with + or " " as in +kite +flying or "kite flying"
- ☐ IGNORES common or "stop" words
  - when this happens, a gray message appears below the search box in results telling you what was ignored
  - turn off with + or " " just as for stemming
- ☐ RANKING FAVORS pages with your words in PHRASES, CLOSE TOGETHER, and IN THE ORDER TYPED

Ex. 2: Word order and word choice matter			
Compare the top results for	Compare the top results for searches in Google for these three sets of keywords:		
grass snake	grass snake Mostly about a kind of snake.		
	By stemming also matches snakes and grasses		
snake grass	snake grass Many about a kind of grass, not present in 1st search		
snake in the	ke in the Most pages contain this expression, even though		
grass Google said <i>in</i> and <i>the</i> were ignored; also finds page with grass snake and a few with snake grass			
snake +in +the Eliminates pages not containing <i>in</i> and <i>the</i>			
grass somewhere.			
"snake in the	Most specific and precise. Requires exact phrase in		
grass"	all pages.		

- ☐ OR searching requires capitalized OR
  - Can be used between single words and phrases enclosed in quotes:

california OR oregon OR "pacific coast"
"global warming" OR "greenhouse effect"

No parentheses for nesting; keep OR searches simple

## #2 EXPLOITING GOOGLE "FUZZY" SEARCH OPTIONS

П	PUNCTUATION	THAT IS	NOT	IGNORFD
_		1111111		IONOINED

- Apostrophe ( ' ): peoples, people's, and peoples' are searched as different words
- Hyphen ( ): same-sex retrieves same-sex, same sex and samesex

Always supply the - to search any word that might be used hyphenated

- Accent marks in Roman-alphabet foreign languages: éléphant does not match elephant (and vice versa)
   If searching in the language where the accent is common, the accents are not required for matches. Google assumes people writing web pages in that language may or may not put the accents in.
- Asterisk (\*): Whole word wild card, allows one or more unspecified words.

## ☐ SYNONYM SEARCHES ( ~ )

- Google will "think" of words with similar meaning:
- ~food matches recipes, nutrition, cooking
- ~facts matches information, statistics
- ~help matches guide, tutorial, FAQ, manual
- ☐ SIMILAR PAGES (in results list) or command related:[URL]
  - Google will "think" of pages like the one you choose, by using links to and from the page, words in the page, and the importance of pages in links.
  - Uses: evaluate a questionable page by the links in and out find comparable pages when shopping or looking for a type of site broaden a search without thinking of words that might be in pages like the one you like

## Ex. 3: Exploiting "FUZZY" Google options

1. Find pages about: *The one-child law of the People's Republic of China*, knowing that some people never use apostrophes properly:

## one-child law people's OR peoples "republic of china"

2. Search a name allowing varying intervening words using  $\mbox{\ensuremath{}^{*}}\xspace$  :

george \* \* bush

- 3. To find out, *How do praying mantises hear?* try searching:
  - ~ears praying mantis
- 4. Find pages similar in focus to http://www.consumerwebwatch.org

related:www.consumerwebwatch.org

5. Search the terms **internet hoax** 

In the results, find a page that seem intriguing, click Similar pages.

How is the second page related to the first?

- □ NUMBER RANGE allowed in searches ( .. without spaces)
  - Follow search terms with beginning and ending numbers, separated by two periods.
  - Can be used one sided, as *less than* or *greater than*

## Ex. 4: Number range searches

1. Find pages mentioning Babe Ruth between 1921 and 1935

"babe ruth" 1921..1935

2. Find digital cameras priced below \$300 with resolution of 4.5 to 5 megapixels (MP)

digital camera ..\$300 4.5..5 megapixels OR MP

## #3 SETTING LIMITS IN GOOGLE SEARCHES

☐ Require search terms to occur in specific parts of web pages

intitle: Words must occur in the official <title> field in the head part of the page

• site: Limit to a site or domain (first part of the URL, before the first /)

• inurl: Require terms to occur anywhere in URL (URL punctuation ignored)

Can be combined with each other and with other search terms

.

## Ex. 5: Limiting to parts of web pages

1. Find pages primarily about mileage in hybrid cars:

intitle:mileage "hybrid cars"

2. Find pages about President Bush and either global warming or greenhouse effect: bush intitle: "global warming" OR intitle: "greenhouse effect"

3. Is there anything on this subject from the official Whitehouse site?

site:www.whitehouse.gov "global warming" OR "greenhouse effect"

4. Find pages containing sheet music written to commemorate the assassination of Abraham Lincoln

site:memory.loc.gov lincoln "sheet music"

Searches within all Library of Congress's American Memory Project pages that are in Google.

inurl:lincoln "sheet music"

Finds pages with "sheet music" in them and with "lincoln" somewhere in the URL.

☐ Limit to type of document or file extension: **filetype**:

- Google has many types of files besides HTML pages (doc, xls, wpd, ppt and more)
- <u>View as HTML</u> link in results with these file types lets you see the document without the application and avoids any virus or worm they could contain

#### Ex. 6: Limiting to type of document or file:

1. Find fact sheets and reports (not just web pages) about the death-rate for malignant mesothelioma in the U.S.

filetype:xls OR filetype:pdf death-rate malignant mesothelioma "united states"

2. Find PowerPoint presentations from reputable universities in the U.S. about the impact in China of its one-child policy

filetype:ppt site:edu china one-child policy

- ☐ Google Advanced Search does not allow *intitle:*, *inurl:*, or more than one *site:*, and has few date range options.
- ☐ Pages from within a foreign country by building on the URL of a Google search result
  - Uses information about where the webpage server is located, as well as country coding; more comprehensive than what is available a http://www.google.com/language\_tools
  - Search on the terms you want. In your browser's Address or URL box, append to the result (without spaces):

&restrict=country XX with XX being the CAPITALIZED two-letter country code

To find country codes: Search Google for TLD [country name] or

List of all country codes available at <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\_of\_Internet\_TLDs">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\_of\_Internet\_TLDs</a>

## Ex. 7: Pages from within a country:

Find recipes for authentic Moroccan cuisine, from within Morroco

Step 1: perform the search:

recipes OR cuisine morocco OR moroccan

Step 2: append to the resulting URL in the Address box &restrict=countryMA

http://www.google.com/search?q=recipes+OR+cuisine+morocco+OR+moroccan&restrict=countryMA

## #4 HANDY GOOGLE TOOLS AND SHORTCUTS

- DEFINITIONS, THESAURUS, and ENCYCLOPEDIC LOOK-UPS
  - **define:**[your words] Finds web-based definitions with links to web pages, Google-ranked, and often reliable
  - **search and click your word in statistics bar** Access to published dictionary entries and other resources through Answers.com. Options vary for different words.

#### Ex. 8: Definitions and more:

1. Definitions:

define:internet define:pancreatitis

2. Locate dictionary definitions and thesaurus terms (synonyms, antonyms, etc.) using the link in the blue statistics bar after you search:

scholarship internet

- TRANSLATIONS
  - Click <u>Translate the page</u> after a page in a foreign language
  - Paste a URL or a piece of text at http://www.google.com/language\_tools

## Ex. 9: Translating:

- 1. Go to Google Advanced Search www.google.com/advanced\_search
- 2. Limit to PAGES IN FRENCH and search

# jacques chirac avec george bush

- 3. Click <u>Translate this page</u> (appears with most pages in languages not in your search interface)
- 4. You can also translate by pasting a URL or text www.google.com/language\_tools
- CALCULATOR and CONVERSIONS parentheses accepted to sequence and clarify expressions
  - Mathematical functions (+,-,\*,/,% of, nth root of, sqrt(nn), ^ for exponentiation)
  - Advanced math (Trig: sin, cos, tan, sec, csc, cot, etc.; Inverse trig: arcsin, arcos, arctan, etc.; Hyperbolic trig: sinh, cosh, tanh, etc.; Logarithms; Exponential functions; Factorials; and more)
  - Many mathematical constants (pi, imaginary numbers, and more)
  - Units of measure and conversions
    - . MASS: kilograms or kg, grams or g, grains, pounds or lbs, carats, stones, tons, tonnes, etc.
    - . LENGTH: meters or m, miles, feet, inches, Angstroms, cubits, furlongs, etc.
    - . VOLUME: gallons, liters or I, bushels, teaspoons, pints, drops, etc.
    - . AREA: square miles, square kilometers, acres, hectares, etc.
    - . TIME: day, seconds or s, years, centuries, sidereal years, fortnights, etc.
    - . ELECTRICITY: volts, amps, ohms, henrys, etc.
    - . ENERGY: Calories, British thermal units or BTU, joules, ergs, foot-pounds, etc.
    - . POWER: watt, kilowatts, horsepower or hp, etc.
    - . INFORMATION: bits, bytes, kbytes, etc.
    - . QUANTITY: dozen, baker's dozen, percent, gross, great gross, score, etc.
    - . NUMBERING SYSTEMS: decimal, hexadecimal or hex, binary, roman numerals, etc.
    - QUICK FACTS: currency in countries, population, biographies
  - Physical constants (atomic mass units or amu, Avogadro's number, Botzmann constant, Faraday constant, gravitational constant, mass of a proton, mass of each planet and of the sun, permeability of free space, etc.)

#### Ex. 10: Calculating and converting:

1. How many carats in a pound?

#### 1 lb in carats

2. How many square feet in 2.5 hectares?

## 2.5 hectares in square feet

3. Value of 1555 in hexadecimal?

#### 1555 in hex

4. The mass of an electron?

#### mass of an electron

- 5. How many bits in a 2.5 gigabytes?
  - 2.5 gigabytes in bits
- 6. What is the currency in Uganda?

## currency in uganda

- SHORTCUTS to many other kinds of publicly available information
  - Area codes (U.S.), defined by maps type **3 digit code**
  - Airport conditions type airport code or city and the word airport
  - Flight tracking type the word airline and the flight number
  - Maps type an address
  - Stock info type one or more NYSE, AMEX, NASDAQ, or mutual fund codes
  - White pages type rphonebook: name address
  - Yellow pages type **bphonebook**: **name** address
  - Zip codes type a zip code
  - Movies type movies: city, st or movies: zip code
- STANDARD NUMBER LOOKUPS
  - Parcel tracking for UPS, FedEx, USPS type the number
  - US patent lookup type the word **patent** and the **number**
  - UPC product identification type the code
  - VIN vehicle info, history type the number

## Ex. 11: Shortcuts and standard number lookups:

1. What part of the U.S. is in the zip code 87455

**87455** Look below the map at the town and state.

2. Are there currently any delays at O'Hare airport in Chicago?

chicago airport or ord airport

3. What's playing in Berkeley?

movies: berkeley, ca

#### ■ UNIVERSITY SEARCHES

- Conduct a search within the website of a university you specify the topic
- http://www.google.com/options/universities.html has long list of University links to start searching from

#### Ex. 12: University searches:

Go to Google Advanced Search. At the bottom, click on <u>Universities</u>.

Choose any university from the list and search for information on:

graduate admissions

# #5 THE BEST OF GOOGLE'S FAMILY OF DATABASES

	Images					
	<ul> <li>One of the largest images database - 1.3+ billion (Yahoo Images boasts 1.5 billion)</li> </ul>					
	News					
_	<ul> <li>4,500 news feeds, 30 days of news</li> </ul>					
	Shopping Databases					
	<ul> <li>Froogle - shopping sites from Google web page database + merchant-supplied machine-readable catalogs</li> <li>Catalogs (Google Labs)- scanned catalogs, text-searchable + web pages</li> </ul>					
	Local					
	Google web pages + several yellow page directories					
	For "finding businesses and services"					
_	. Two search boxes: enter a place or address and a topic					
	oups Cookie Cround Heart Newsground health 1001					
	Google <b>Groups</b> - Usenet Newsgroups back to 1981  Unovaluated opinions on many topics.					
	. Unevaluated opinions on many topics					
	. Can limit to a specific forum					
	☐ Maps  • maps.google.com					
	<ul> <li>Draggable images, satellite view, local (yellow pages), driving directions</li> </ul>					
	More in Google Labs					
	Google Sets - generate items in a set you start					
	<ul> <li>Google Suggest – as you type, suggests options for search terms (also in Japanese)</li> </ul>					
	Google Video – search recent TV programs online					
	More at labs.google.com					
	Ex. 13: Sampling Google databases:					
	At the Google homepage (http://www.google.com), click on more>>					
	1. Compare shopping for <b>diamond tiara</b> in Froogle and Catalogs.					
	2. Use Local Search to search for <b>temporary employment OR jobs</b> in your home					
	town.					
	3. Go to Advanced Image Search. Find <b>full color</b> pictures in <b>JPG</b> format of <b>mona</b>					
	lisa.					
	4. Go to maps.google.com					
	Drag the US map so that an area of California is centered in the screen					
	Zoom in a little use the zoom bar					
	Drag the map to reposition it in your hometown (or another area)					
	Click Satelite (upper right)					
	Click Local and search for something like <b>restaurants</b> or <b>hotels</b>					
	Try driving directions between two addresses					

# #6 GOOGLE PRINT and GOOGLE SCHOLAR

Two of Google's initiatives rather directly involve libraries, published information, and access to published information, both on web pages and in print.

	Google Print	Google Scholar		
Google's goal	To "organize the world's information and make it universally accessible and useful" focused on content of books	To "search specifically for scholarly literature" in many formats		
How to use	Through the special search box at print.google.com	Through special a search box at scholar.google.com		
What's included	<ul> <li>□ Publisher-supplied publications; also authors of self-published and out-of-print publications can submit their works as the publisher</li> <li>□ Publications supplied by selected libraries (Harvard, Stanford, U of Michigan, Oxford, NYPL), both copyright and public domain</li> <li>□ Google scans, digitizes, and indexes words in each book for free (no charge, no profit)</li> <li>□ Mostly books, but some articles (primarily <i>Variety, Library Journal, School LJ, Publishers Weekly</i>, and technical, scientific, and pharmaceutical publications)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>☐ Mostly articles, but some citations to books</li> <li>☐ Full-text of online articles found by Google's robot-like crawlers from academic publishers, professional societies, preprint repositories, and scholarly articles posted on the web</li> <li>☐ Citations to articles and books found in lists of references in publications found by Google's robot-like crawlers</li> </ul>		
What you get	<ul> <li>□ Scanned full text to search and browse - no printing of pages or images</li> <li>□ Snippets or excerpts of copyright books when publisher has not permitted full text online.</li> <li>□ Often more text available if you log into your Google account (free).</li> <li>□ Copy of table of contents and index</li> <li>□ Link to publisher, bookstores, and libraries if a scanned library copy</li> <li>□ "About this book" resembles brief catalog or BIP entry</li> <li>□ Paid advertisements related to your search, as in Google web search</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>☐ Full text if freely available or if provided by the publisher with permission</li> <li>☐ UCelinks available when we have a subscription (other universities too – set Scholar Preferences)</li> <li>☐ Works with proxy server</li> <li>☐ Citation or abstract (not full text) if protected by copyright</li> <li>☐ Links to citations to most articles (like a "who cites whom")</li> <li>☐ For books and some articles, "Library Search" tries to locate a library near you that owns the book.</li> </ul>		
Search tips	Go to print.google.com Enter keywords to see where they occur in matched books	□ Go to scholar.google.com or Scholar Advanced Search http://scholar.google.com/advanced_scholar_search □ Enter author name, publication name, and/or subject words □ Sometimes the publication can be purchased online		
More information	About Google Print http://print.google.com/googleprint/about.html	About Google Scholar http://scholar.google.com/scholar/about.html		
Ex. 14:	In print.google.com, search: - rock-climbing peru - global warming bush	At scholar.google.com, search:  • physicians professional development • global warming bush		